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Emigre Tells of Research in Soviet In Parapsychology for Military Use

By FLORA LEWIS Special to The New York Times

physicist says that the Soviet Union has been doing secret work in parapsychology, for what appear to be military and police purposes.

a series St

The Soviet emigre, August Stern, who a secret Siberian laboratory in the late 1960's trying to find a physical basis for psychic energy, or "psi particles," as they are called.

Moscow's interest in the subject was demonstrated in the case of Robert C. Toth, a correspondent of The Los Angeles Times, who was interrogated this week in Moscow by the K.G.B., the security police, and was accused of having received "state secrets" about parapsychology. He was allowed to leave for home after protests by the United States

[In Washington, officials said the intelligence community was aware of Soviet research in parapsychology, but added that American specialists did not believe the Russians had made any unusual discoveries. One official said

PARIS, June 18-An emigre Soviet some Soviet work appeared aimed at developing psychological methods.

The Toth incident had the earmarks of an entrapment, in the view of some diplomats. There is no sign that the 25now lives in Paris, spent three years in page document on parapsychology handed to him on the street just before he was seized contained important information. However, there is a record of Soviet sensitivity and August Stern's information indicates that parapsychology is a matter of concern to the authorities.

Mr. Stern is a son of Dr. Mikhail Stern, an endocrinologist who was imprisoned before being allowed to leave the Soviet Union in March. August Stern said he was told before leaving the Soviet Union two years ago that an even more secret laboratory than the one he knew in Siberia had been set up in Moscow under the direction of the K.G.B.

A French scientist and former intelligence agent, Jacques Bergier, has written a book saying that extrasensory percep-

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tion, one of the theories studied by parapsychology, may be used in espionage, thought control, surveillance and as a form of weapon.

form of weapon.

Parapsychology covers four specific fields of nonphysical phenomena. They are telepathy (transmission of thought without use of the senses), extrasensory perception, telekinesis (transmission of motion without any evident use of physical energy) and clairvoyance (the ability to see distant or future events without exterior). physical intervention).

Most scientists remain skeptical that such phenomena actually exist, but there are researchers throughout the world dedicated to proving and, if possible, ex-

plaining them.

Formal, officially subsidized Soviet research in the field has gone on for years, sometimes publicly vaunted and at other times denounced and even denied.

U.S. Navy Was Interested in 1950's

At one time in the late 1950's and early 1960's, the United States Navy and the Stanford Research Institute did experiments in telepathy to see whether it could provide an undetectable means of communicating with submarines. So far as is known, the experiments failed. But ownd of them reached Moscow and apparently provoked high-level interest in the subject.



Robert C. Toth, Los Angeles Times correspondent, in London yesterday.

Emigre Reports on Soviet Research in Parapsychology for Military Uses

9 In 1975 some Soviet parapsychologists 3 were persecuted and the whole subject Owas publicly attacked. Eduard Naumov, 8a researcher with no evident connection owith the military or police, was triedon on charge of accepting fees for lectures that was very condition and was sentenced to two years in labor camp. His colleagues were dismissed from their jobs of the condition of the fact that he had contacts with Western parapsychologists.

8 Later, on June 13, 1975, Leonid I. 7-Brezhnev, the Soviet leader, urged the Ounited States to agree on a ban of research and development of new kinds of the fact that he had the condition of the search and development of new kinds of the search and development of new kinds of the conditions. 6 weapons "more terrible" than anything 9 the world has known. American arms 1 control negotiators have tried to find out 1 control their Soviet counterparts what he 1 control in mind, but they have not learned 1 control their soviet to the their soviet counterparts what he 1 control their soviet counterparts what he 1 control their soviet sov Akind of rays," according to United States Officials. anything more than that he meant "some

Vascillating Treatment Noted

At first, American intelligence thought 2he might have been referring to laser 3beams, or some way of focusing cosmic 9 rays, but they no longer believe this to the case. They say that they are baffled by the reference.

Of fled by the reference.

Was referring to something in the field was referring to something in the field soft parapsychology. But it is a possibility athat has occurred to some observers, escapecially because of the vascillating treationment of parapsychologists, the evident pinvolvement of the K.G.B. with the subject, and what some regard as a traditional all Russian interest in mysticism. ement of parapsychologists, the evident relation of parapsychologists, the evident relation of the K.G.B. with the subject, and what some regard as a traditional Russian interest in mysticism.

Let After his initial detention a week ago, after his initial detention a week ago, from a statement made by an employee of the Academy of Sciences who had been the statement of the Academy of Sciences who had been the statement of the Academy of Sciences who had been the statement of the Academy of Sciences who had been the statement of the Academy of Sciences who had been the statement of the Academy of Sciences who had been the statement of the Academy of Sciences who had been the statement of the sta

After his initial detention a week ago, after his mater reported to have quoted of from a statement made by an employee of the Academy of Sciences who had been called by the authorities to examine the documents in his possession. The state perment referred to "psi particles" and said possession when the perment referred to be particles and shows the perment referred to be particles and shows the perment referred to be particles. tific institutes of our state."

Last year, the Paris newspaper Adminder published a letter by a Russian named Vladimir Lyoy denouncing a previous control of the province of the previous control of the previ ous letter by a French professor, Henri Gastaut, and denying that parapsychology research was officially supported in the Soviet Union. the Paris newspaper Le

> Mr. Lvov was identified by Le Monde as a "Soviet scientific writer in Leningrad," but Western sources said they believed he was connected with the K.G.B. sians were engaged in it. of parapsychology research, that the Rus-The French professor had simply mentioned, in the course of a plea for support

The reply, titled "Myths and Realities in the Soviet Union," and published on Aug. 4, 1976, Mr. Lvov said:

journalists without scruples of scientific exactitude." "The truth is simple. There is no parapsychology as a legitimate and officially recognized branch of Soviet science. No groups of amateurs... who look into the 'paranormal' with the aid of some psychokinesis, etc. But there are a few institute or scientific research center in the U.S. S. R. is occupied with telepathy,

the Soviet parapsychologist, a report to The Times of London said the Soviet Academy of Pedagogical Sciences had de-clared the study of psychic phenomena a subject fit for scientific study, and ficial researchers. therefore not a permissable field for unof-Yet, soon after the trial of Mr. Naumov,

tory where he worked and the way it was finally shut down only add to the public record. The laboratory was in Novosibirsk's Science City, a complex belonging to the Siberian branch of the Academy of Sciences. It was in a separate of Automation and Electrometry. ferred to as a branch of the Institute "Special Department No. 8" and was re building, and the door could be opened only by a coded lock with the code Mr. Stern's reminiscenses of the labora-

Headed by a Navy Officer

The head was Vitaly Perov, a navy officer, who opened it in 1966, Mr. Stern said, Ye recalled that Mr. Perov showed deference to two visitors who came in the early days to check on theinstallation. Mr. Stern believed the visitors to

country until there were about 60 persons at the laboratory. The scientists among them were given virtually unlimited funds for elaborate equipment. "It cost many millions," Mr. Stern said. His own work table of chemical elements. As a result of the periodic table, which originally left some blank spaces, unknown elements was in theoretical physics. His view was that there might be an orderly system in which all kinds of energy could be charted, similar to Mendeleyev's periodic Workers were recruited from around the

If such a chart could be discovered for energy, Mr. Stern thought, it, too, might be found to have blank spaces that might lead to physical identification of particles to explain the mystery of psychic energy, the "psi particles."

He worked for two years and found

in a room to see whether they responded to attempts by others several rooms away to send them telepathic orders; studies involving monkeys and electromagnetic mothers, three floors upstairs, registered any reaction through some mental contory involved applying electric shocks to newly-born kittens to see whether their nection; television surveillance of people nothing. Other experiments at the labora-

putting bacteria on two sides of a glass plate to see whether a fatal disease could be transmitted through the glass. It was reasoned that if this could be done, it used as a more sensitive measuring in-strument than a machine. One involved There were also experiments with photon waves, in which frogs' eyes were would show that photons—light particles
—were accounted for some inexplicable

of attitude or power balance in the Kremthe poor quality of its science, as officially suggested at the time, but a change know the reason and did not think it was really the team's lack of success or forms of communication.
Suddenly, in 1969, the laboratory was shut down. Mr. Stern said he did not shut down.

the navy, was conducting parapsychology research in Leningrad. He was back in Moscow by then He heard that the military, and particusally Leningrad Project Was Canceledo

A friend of his, a Leningrad scients named Gennadi Sergeyev, told him he was receiving permission and fund to open anew laboratory and offered ma job. But the project was canceled.

Later, friends told Mr. Stern that the work done in Novosibirsk and plated in Leningrad had been combined in a new

By the time he left in 1974, he was told that all parapsychology work and been curtailed except for the safet about it. laboratory in Moscow under the ausmoses of the K.G.B. He never learned any nore

been curtailed except for the selfet K.G.B. laboratory. He said he had hard rumors that something "important, gry dangerous" had been discovered, but he had been discovered. do effective research? commented: "I never believed it. How can the KAB o effective research? They need Gal